Chem 150 - Fall 2015 Exam I

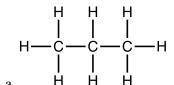
- There is periodic table for you to use on the last page of the exam.
- Be certain that what you hand in represents your own work.
- 1. For each of the following elements, indicate their number of valence electrons and the number of covent bonds they would normally form as part of molecules.

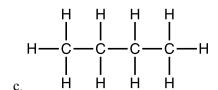
	No. valance electrons	No. of bonds
Se		
Р		
С		
Br		
Н		

2. Draw the Lewis dot structures for the following molecules

	Lewis dot structure
PH ₃	
CH₂O	
HCN	

3. Which of the following compounds has the *weakest dispersion force* between its molecules in its pure form (circle one)?





- 4. Which Period 3 element has the lowest affinity for its valence electrons?
 - a. Si
 - b. P
 - c. S
 - d. Cl
- 5. Hydrogen cyanide is extremely toxic because it halts cellular respiration. The molecular formula for hydrogen cyanide is HCN
 - a. Draw the Lewis dot structure for hydrogen cyanide:

H 2.1		ies	tiviti	onega	Electro		H 2.1
F	0	N	С	В		Be	Li
4.0	3.5	3.0	2.5	2.0		1.5	1.0
CI	S	Р	Si	Al		Mg	Na
3.0	2.5	2.1	1.8	1.5		1.2	0.9
Br	Se	As	Ge	Ga		Ca	К
2.8	2.4	2.0	1.8	1.6		1.0	0.8
1	Te	Sb	Sn	In	Transition	Sr	Rb
2.5	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7	elements	1.0	0.8
At	Po	Bi	Pb	ΤI		Ba	Cs
2.2	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8		0.9	0.7

b. Is hydrogen cyanide a polar molecule? (circle one)

yes / no

High

- c. If so, which atom is the more negatively charged?
- 6. Identify each of the following compounds as either *ionic* or *molecular* (circle one).
 - a. BaO

ionic / molecular

b. $(NH_4)_2C_2O_4$

ionic / molecular

c. NaF

ionic / molecular

d. CH₂O

ionic / molecular

e. PF₃

- ionic / molecular
- 7. The following molecules all have approximately the same molar mass, which is expected to have the *highest* boiling point (circle one)?

- 8. Identify whether each of the described energies below are an example of *kinetic* or *potential* energy (circle one)
 - a. The dispersion force that exists between molecules

kinetic / potential

- b. When a ball is thrown straight up into the air, the energy it has when it reaches kinetic / potential its highest point before returning back to earth.
- c. The nutritional energy in a slice of pizza

kinetic / potential

d. When a ball is thrown straight up into the air, the energy it has as it just leaves kinetic / potential your hand

- 9. As you heat 352 mL of water from 24°C to 80°C,
 - a. Do the average velocities of the water molecules, speed up / slow down / remain the same
 - b. If the density of water is 1.0 g/mL, and the specific heat of water is 1.0 cal/°C-g, how many calories of heat are required to heat the 352 mL of water from 24°C to 80°C?



c. Describe what will happen to the water if you continue to add heat (thermal energy) to the water after it reaches 80°C

d. Water (H₂O) has a very high melting point compared to other molecules of similar size and composition, *e.g.*, H₂S, CH₄, NH₃, HF, which unlike water are all gases at room temperature. Explain why water stands out among this group

10. Which of the following compounds has the *weakest dispersion force* between its molecules when in its pure form (circle one)?

11. Which of the following compounds contains a covalent bond that is strongly polar (circle one)?

12. Shown below is the structural formula for the amino acid cysteine?

- a. Circle all of the hydrogen atoms that can participate in hydrogen bonds.
- b. Draw a *square* around each of the atoms that can serve as an acceptor in a hydrogen bond.
- c. Draw one example of a water molecule hydrogen bonding to cysteine with the water molecule serving as the *acceptor*.
- d. Draw one example of a water molecule hydrogen bonding to cysteine with the water molecule serving as the *donor*.
- 13. Which of the following compounds is expected to be the *least* soluble in water (circle one)?
- 14. When hydrochloric acid reacts with potassium monohydrogen phosphate in solution to form potassium dihydrogen phosphate, and potassium chloride, 28.2 kcal of heat are released into the surroundings per mole of potassium monohydrogen phosphate that reacts.
 - a. If this reaction is carried out in a beaker, how does the beaker feel to the touch (circle one)? warmer / cooler / unchanged
 - b. Using chemical formulas, write the net ionic equation for this reaction, which also includes the heat that is released in the reaction.
 - c. This is an acid base reaction. For each species in your balance chemical equation, use labels to identify the *acid*, the *base*, the *conjugate acid*, and the *conjugate base*.
- 15. The gasoline that is sold today can contains up to 85% ethanol (CH₃-CH₂-OH) by weight, which is produced from renewable sources.
 - a. Write a balanced chemical equation for the complete combustion of ethanol to CO₂ and H₂O
 - b. One ounce of ethanol weights 28.4 g. If 331 kcal of heat are released per mole of ethanol that undergoes combustion, how many kcal of heat are released from the burning of 3 ½ ounces of ethanol.

16. For a 0.080 M solution of potassium monohydrogen phosphate,

					_		
a.	What is	the mo	lar d	concentration	of po	tassium	ions



b. What is the molar concentration of monohydrogen phosphate ions



c. What is the concentration of potassium ions in units of mEq/L?



d. What is the concentration of monohydrogen phosphate ions in mEq/L?



17. A 0.200 M solution of lactic acid (HC₃H₅O₃) is determined to have a *pH* of 2.30. What are the concentrations of hydronium ion (H₃O⁺) and hydroxide ion (OH⁻) in this solution?





c. Is lactic acid a weak or a strong acid (circle one)



d. The conjugate base for lactic acid is the lactate ion.



Write the chemical formula for the lactate ion

e. If the pK_a for lactic acid is 3.90, what is the pH of a solution made by mixing equal amounts of lactic acid and sodium lactate?

f. Explain what this solution could be used for?

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Lanthanoids	s7 57 La	58 58	praseodymium 59	eodymium 60 N	ed 61 P3	samarium 62 Sm	63 E3	64 64 Gddinium	espium 65	dysprosium 66	67 HOlmium	erbium 68	thulium 69	ytterbium 70 70 YO
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	88	90	91	92	93	94	92	96	97	86	66	10	101	102
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	[227]	232.0381(1)	231.03588(2)	238.02891(3)	[237]	[244]	[243]	[247]	[247]	[251]	[252]	[257]	[258]	[259]