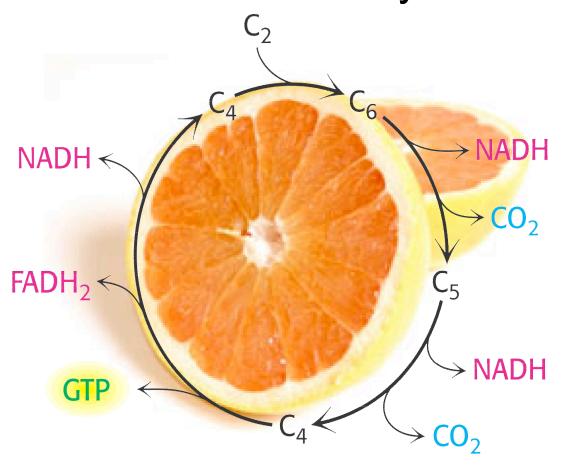
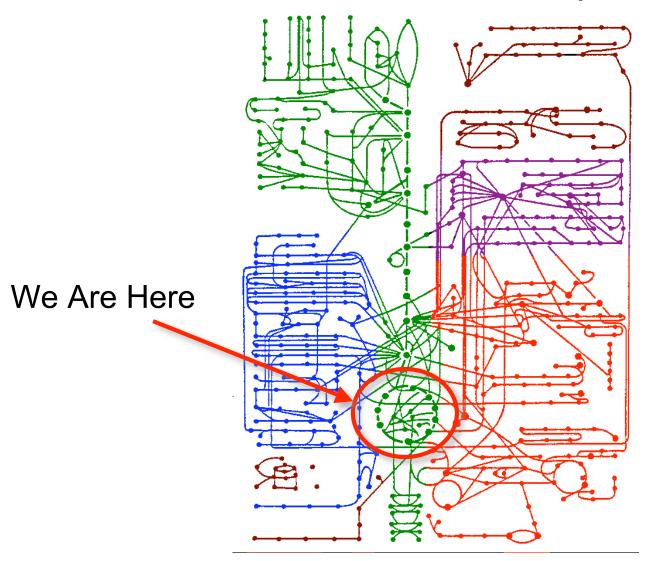
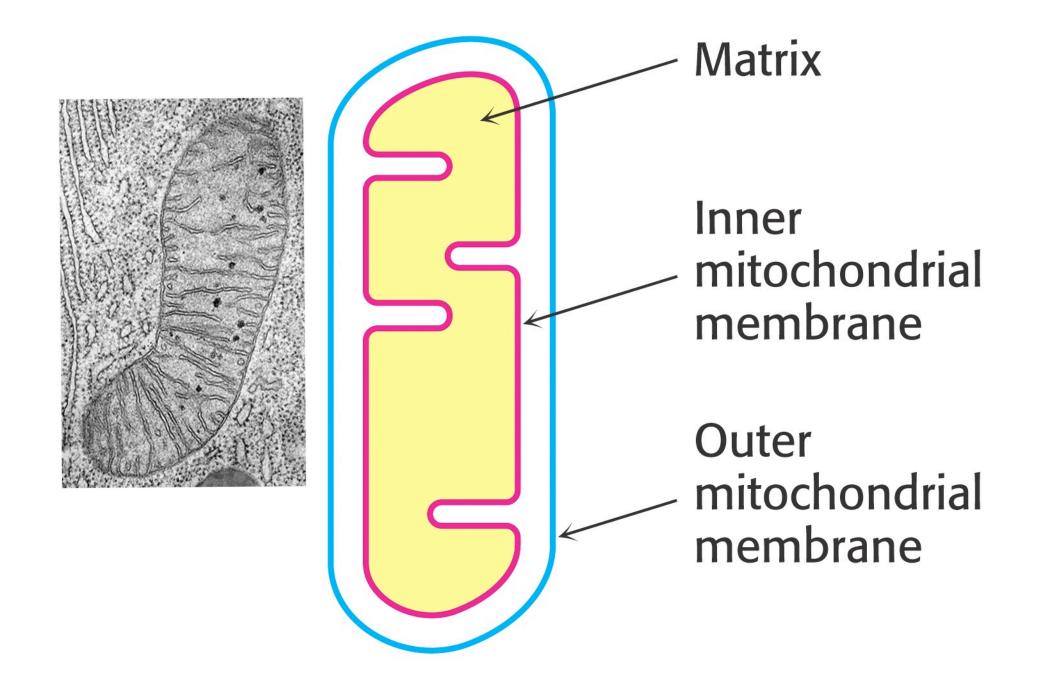
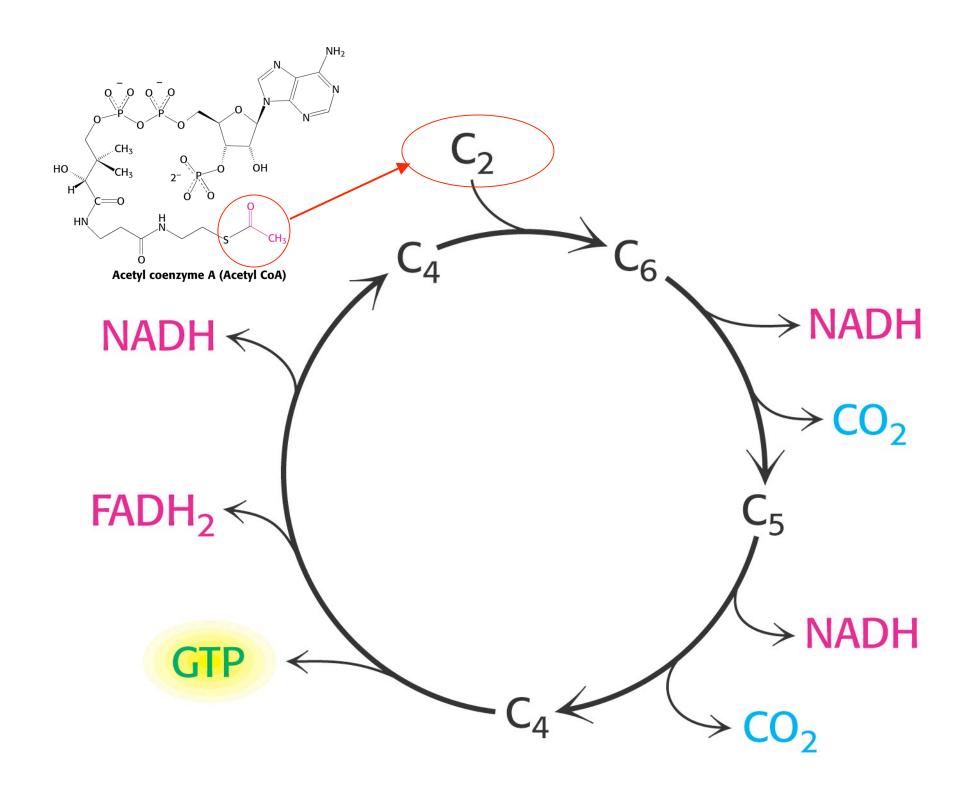
Chapter 17 The Citric Acid Cycle



Chapter 17 The Citric Acid Cycle







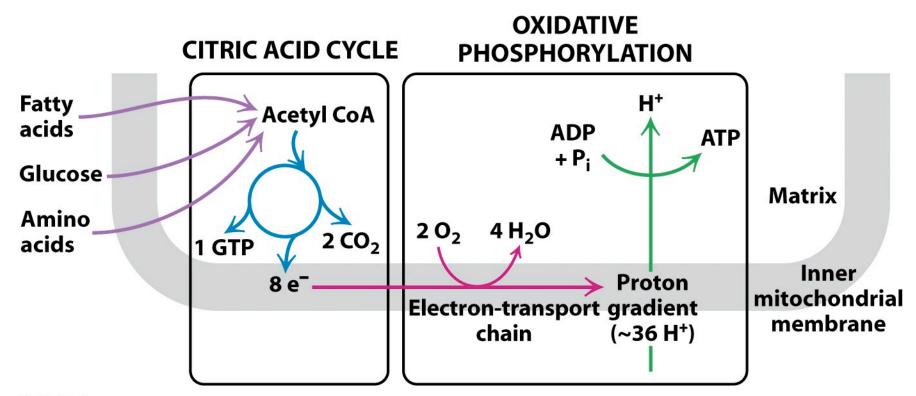


Figure 17-3

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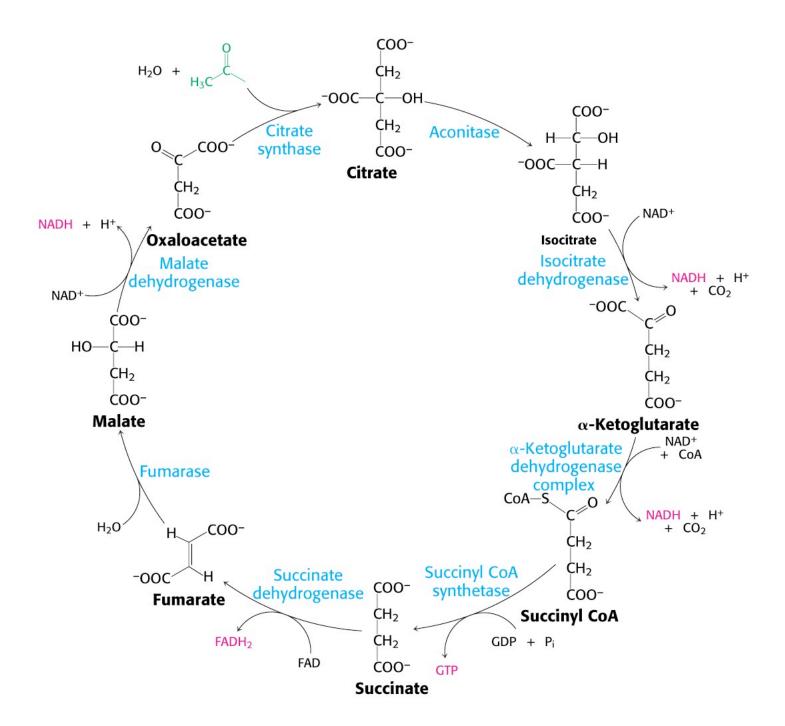


TABLE 17.2 Citric acid cycle

| | | | Prosthetic | | ∆ G°′ | |
|------|--|---|--------------------------|-------|--------------|----------|
| Step | Reaction | Enzyme | group | Type* | kcal mol⁻¹ | kJ mol⁻¹ |
| 1 | Acetyl CoA + oxaloacetate + $H_2O \longrightarrow$ citrate + CoA + H^+ | Citrate synthase | | a | -7.5 | -31.4 |
| 2a | Citrate \Longrightarrow cis-aconitate + H ₂ O | Aconitase | Fe-S | b | +2.0 | +8.4 |
| 2b | cis -Aconitate + $H_2O \Longrightarrow$ isocitrate | Aconitase | Fe-S | С | -0.5 | -2.1 |
| 3 | Isocitrate + NAD $^+ \rightleftharpoons$ α -ketoglutarate + CO ₂ + NADH | Isocitrate dehydrogenase | | d + e | -2.0 | -8.4 |
| 4 | α -Ketoglutarate + NAD ⁺ + CoA \Longrightarrow succinyl CoA + CO ₂ + NADH | α-Ketoglutarate dehydrogenase complex | Lipoic acid, FAD, TPP | d + e | -7.2 | -30.1 |
| 5 | Succinyl CoA + P_i + GDP \Longrightarrow succinate + GTP + CoA | Succinyl CoA synthetase | | f | -0.8 | -3.3 |
| 6 | Succinate + FAD (enzyme-bound) ⇒ fumarate + FADH ₂ (enzyme-bound) | Succinate dehydrogenase | FAD, Fe–S | е | ~0 | 0 |
| 7 | Fumarate + $H_2O \rightleftharpoons L$ -malate | Fumarase | | С | -0.9 | -3.8 |
| 8 | L-Malate + NAD+ \Longrightarrow oxaloacetate + NADH + H+ | Malate dehydrogenase | | е | +7.1 | +29.7 |

^{*}Reaction type: (a) condensation; (b) dehydration; (c) hydration; (d) decarboxylation; (e) oxidation; (f) substrate-level phosphorylation.

The Lead-in to TCA

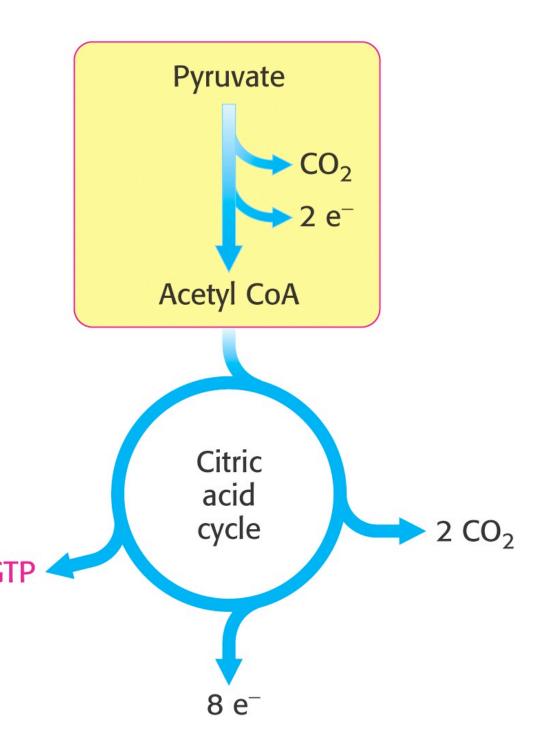
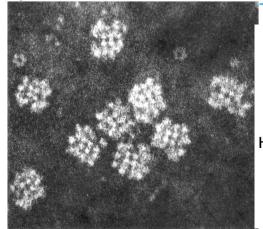


TABLE 17.1 Pyruvate dehydrogenase complex of E. coli

| Enzyme | Abbreviation | Number of chains | Prosthetic group | Reaction catalyzed |
|----------------------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| Pyruvate dehydrogenase component | E_1 | 24 | TPP | Oxidative decarboxylation of pyruvate |
| Dihydrolipoyl transacetylase | E_2 | 24 | Lipoamide | Transfer of the acetyl group to CoA |
| Dihydrolipoyl dehydrogenase | E_3 | 12 | FAD | Regeneration of the oxidized form of lipoamide |



$$H_2N$$
 H_3C
 H_3C
 H_3C
 H_3C
 H_3C
 H_3C
 H_3C

Thiamine pyrophosphate (TPP)

Lipoic acid

Pyruvate

Acetyl CoA

PDH: the start

PDH: the oxidation phase

PDH:restoring lipoamide

PDH:Structure/Function Lipoamide domain $E_3(\alpha\beta)$ $E_1(\alpha_3)$ Lipoamide Domain interacting with E₃ component $E_2(\alpha_2'\beta_2)$ A trimer Transacetylase domain

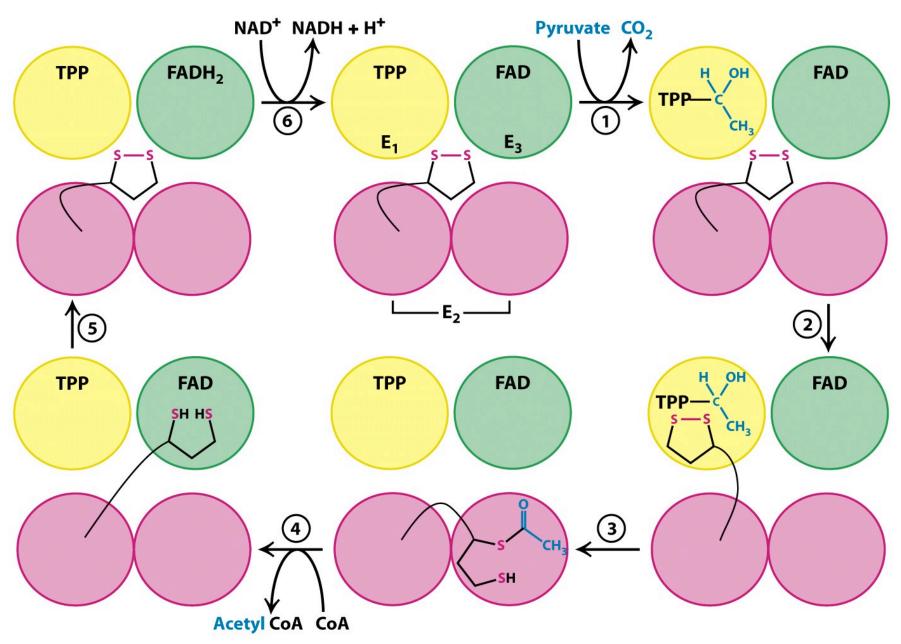


Figure 17-9

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Citrate Synthase

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CoA} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{CoA} \\ \text{CoA} \\ \text{CoA} \\ \text{CoA} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} \\ \text{OOC} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} \\ \text{H}_3\text{C} \\ \text{OOC} \\ \text{CoA} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} \\ \text{COO} \\ \text$$

Citrate Synthase

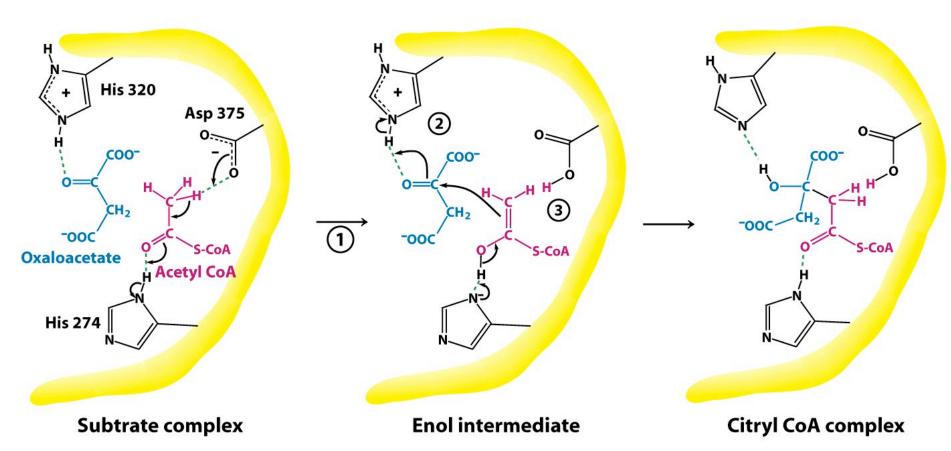
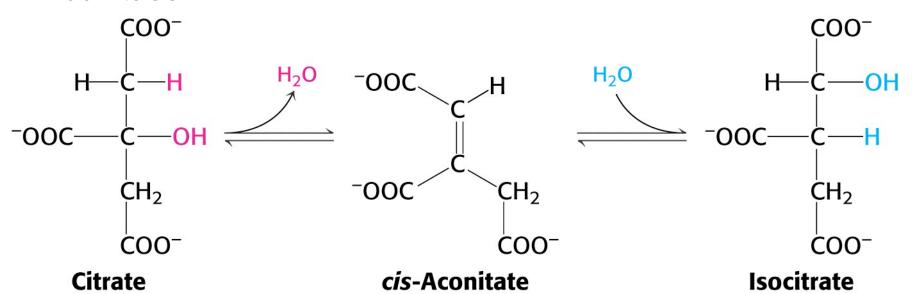


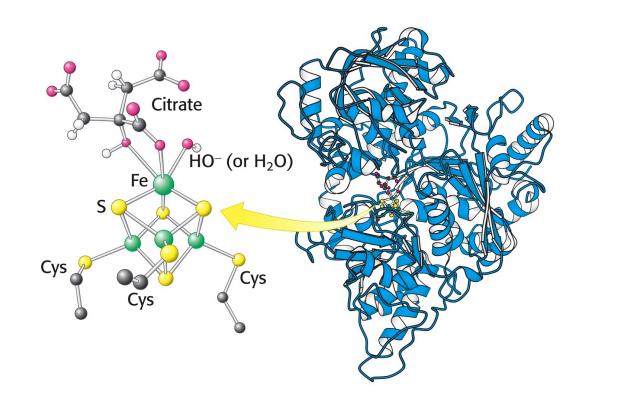
Figure 17-11

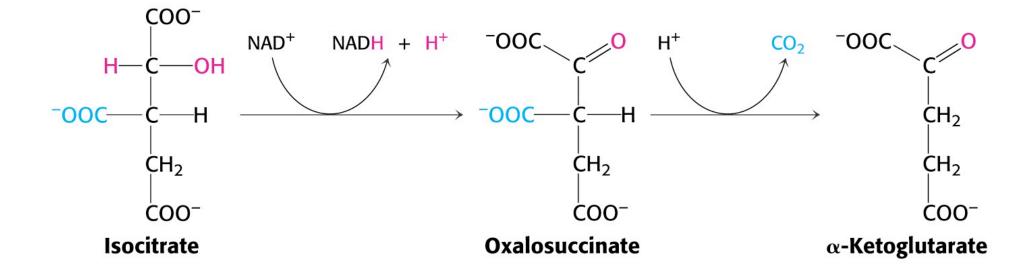
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Aconitase







α -ketoglutarate dehydrogenase

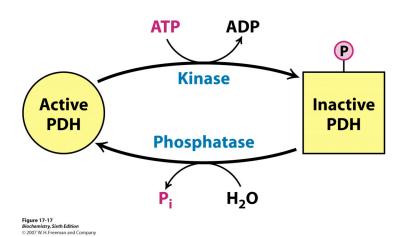
COA—S
$$CH_2 + NAD^+ + COA \longrightarrow CH_2 + CO_2 + NADH$$

$$CH_2 - COO^-$$

$$COO^-$$

COA—S
$$COO^-$$
 Succinyl CoA Synthase $COO^ CH_2$ CH_2 CH_2 CH_2 $COO^ COO^ COO^-$ Succinyl CoA Synthase $COO^ COO^ COO^ COO^ COO^ COO^ COO^-$ Succinyl CoA

REGULATION



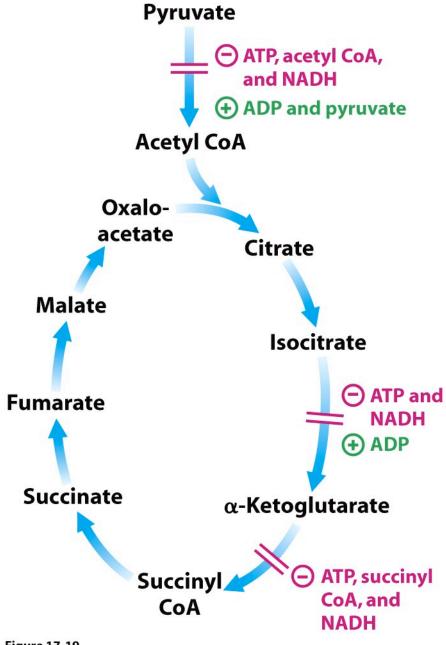


Figure 17-19
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(A) HIGH ENERGY CHARGE

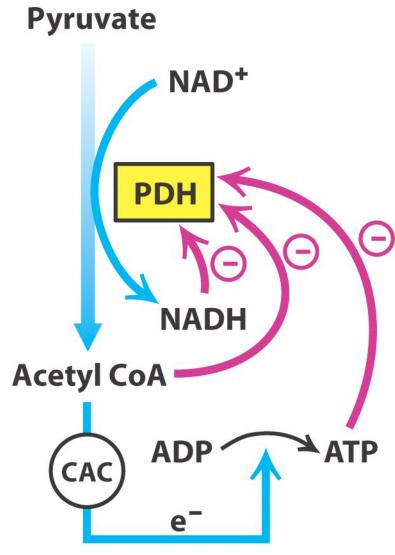
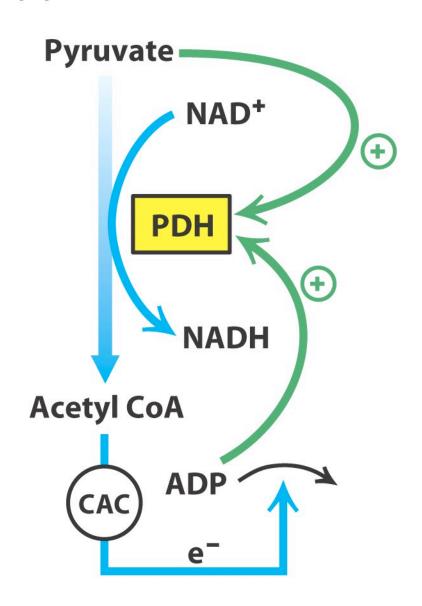


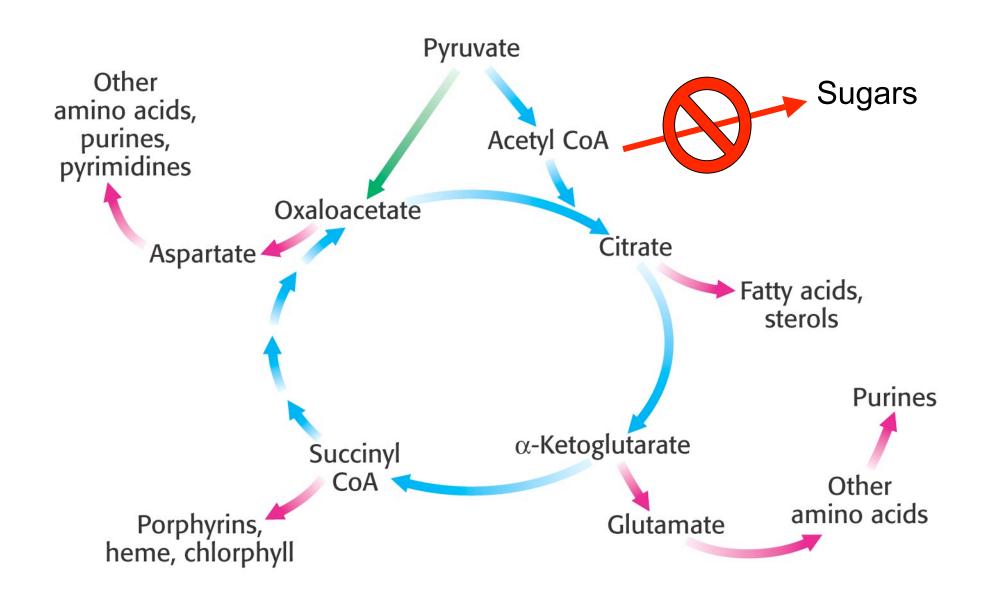
Figure 17-18

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(B) LOW ENERGY CHARGE

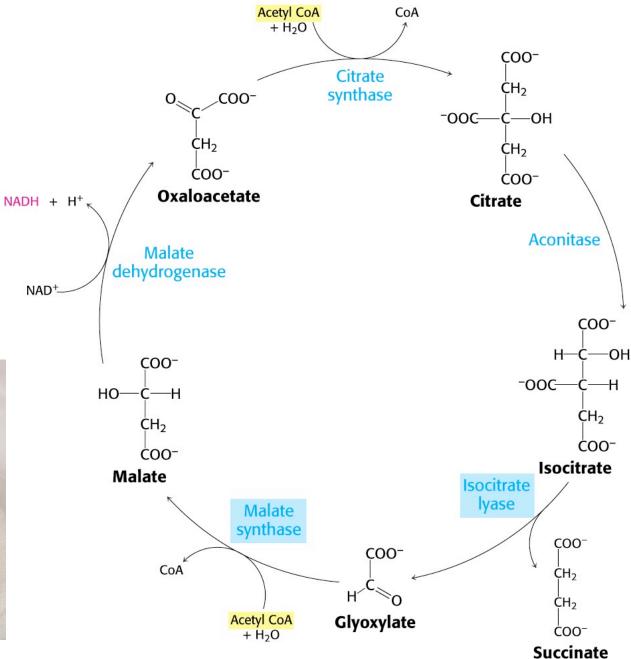




The Glyoxalate Cycle:

Making sugars from fats because we *know* you can make fat from sugar!



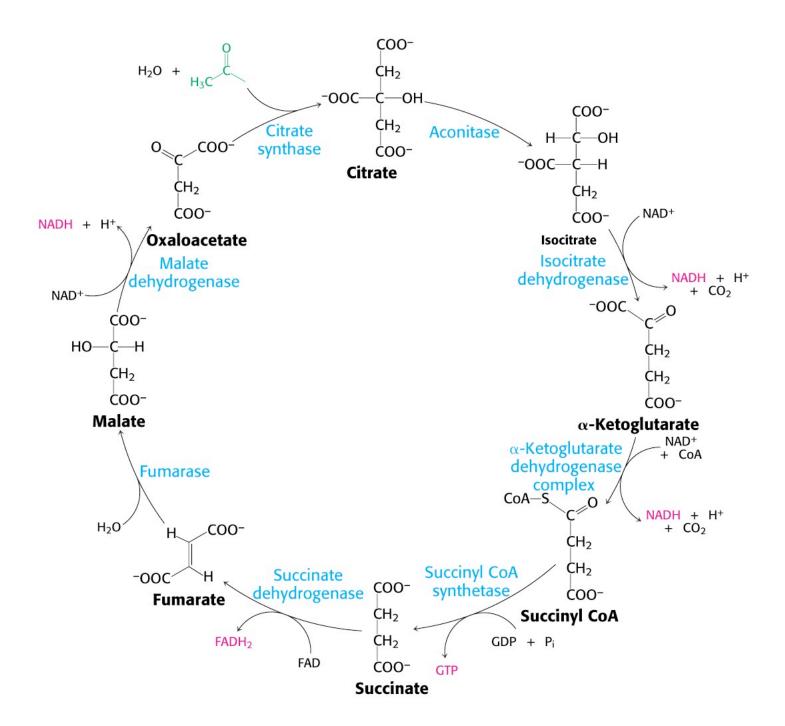


Thought Problem.....

The label is printed in red.)

What is the fate of the radioactive label then each of the following compounds is added to a cell extract ontaining the enzymes and cofactors of the glycolytic pathway, the citric acid cycle, and the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex?

The 14C label is printed in red.)



Thought F

